

## Chapter 43 Even Answers

2. 4.3 eV
4.  $\sim 10$  K
6.  $1.46 \times 10^{-46} \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}^2$
10.  $2.72 \times 10^{-47} \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}^2$
12. (a) 0.0118 nm (b) 0.00772 nm; HI is more weakly bound.
14.  $(18.4 \text{ } \mu\text{eV})J(J+1)$  where  $J = 0, 1, 2, 3, \dots$
16.  $6.41 \times 10^{13} \text{ Hz}$
18.  $\sim 10^{17}$  atoms,  $\sim 10^5 \text{ m}^3$
20. 0.444 nm, 0.628 nm, 0.769 nm
24. (a)  $1.57 \times 10^6 \text{ m/s}$   
(b) On the order of  $10^{10}$  times greater than the drift speed.
26. 2%
28.  $3.40 \times 10^{17}$  electrons
32. (a)  $2.75 \times 10^{14} \text{ Hz}$  (b)  $1.09 \text{ } \mu\text{m}$  (infrared)
34. 1.91 eV
36. 226 nm
38. 4.4 V
40. (a) See solution (b) 10.7 kA
42. (a)  $\Delta V = 0$  when  $R = 0$  (b) The graph shows a direct proportionality.  $0.0232 \text{ } \Omega$   
(c) possibly expulsion of magnetic flux
44. 37
46. 5.23 J/g
48. 4.74 eV
50. (a)  $x_0 = \sqrt{3A/B}$  (b)  $U_0 = -2\sqrt{B^3/(27A)}$  (c)  $F_{\text{max}} = -B^2/12A$