

Chapter 28 Even Answers

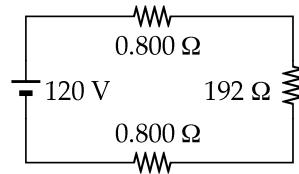
2. (a) 1.79 A (b) 10.4 V

4. (a) 12.4 V (b) 9.65 V

6. (a) 17.1 Ω

(b) 1.99 A for 4.00 Ω and 9.00 Ω , 1.17 A for 7.00 Ω , 0.818 A for 10.0 Ω

8. 73.8 W,



10. 29.5 V

12. 7 series combinations: 2.00 Ω , 3.00 Ω , 4.00 Ω , 5.00 Ω , 6.00 Ω , 7.00 Ω , and 9.00 Ω

4 parallel combinations: 0.923 Ω , 1.20 Ω , 1.33 Ω , 1.71 Ω

6 mixed combinations: 1.56 Ω , 2.00 Ω , 2.22 Ω , 3.71 Ω , 4.33 Ω , and 5.20 Ω

14. 1.41 Ω

16. 470 Ω , 220 Ω

18. 0.714 A, 1.29 A, 12.6 V

22. (a) 0.385 mA, 3.08 mA, 2.69 mA (b) c is higher by 69.2 V

24. 1.00 A upward in 200 Ω , 4.00 A upward in 70.0 Ω , 3.00 A upward in 80.0 Ω ,
8.00 A downward in 20.0 Ω , 200 V across 200 Ω .

28. 800 W, 450 W, 25.0 W, 25.0 W

30. (a) -61.6 mA (b) 0.235 μC (c) 1.96 A

32. (a) 1.50 s (b) 1.00 s (c) $(200 + 100e^{-t/1.00 \text{ s}}) \mu\text{A}$

34. (a) 12.0 s (b) $I(t) = (3.00 \mu\text{A})e^{-t/12.0 \text{ s}}$, $q(t) = (36.0 \mu\text{C})[1 - e^{-t/12.0 \text{ s}}]$

36. $R = \frac{t}{C \ln 2}$

38. 0.113 Ω

40. 49.9 k Ω

42. 400 Ω

46. (a) 30.000 mA, 5.4000 V (b) 30.167 mA, 5.3816 V (c) 29.898 mA, 5.3966 V

48. (a) 0.101 W (b) 10.1 W

50. (a) $\sim 10^{-14}$ A (b) $\sim \frac{1}{2} V_h + 10^{-10}$ V and $\frac{1}{2} V_h - 10^{-10}$ V
where V_h is the potential of the "hot" wire.

52. (a) 3.84 Ω and 0.375 Ω (b) Impossible, no load resistance can extract 21.2 W from this battery.

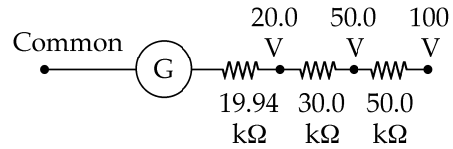
54. 587 k Ω

56. $\frac{P_s + \sqrt{P_s^2 - 4P_s P_p}}{2I^2}$ and $\frac{P_s - \sqrt{P_s^2 - 4P_s P_p}}{2I^2}$

58. (a) 4.40 Ω (b) 32.0 W, 9.60 W, 70.4 W (c) 48.0 W

62. $(R_A + 2R_B)C \ln 2$

64. Place the galvanometer in series with three resistances as shown:



66. 145 Ω , 0.756 mA

68. (a) $\ln\left(\frac{E}{\Delta V}\right) = 0.0118t + 0.0882$ (b) 84.7 s, 8.47 μ F

70. (a) $R_x = R_2 - \frac{1}{4}R_1$ (b) The antenna is inadequately grounded; $R_x = 2.75 \Omega$

72. $q_1 = (240 \mu\text{C})\left(1 - e^{-1000t/6}\right)$, $q_2 = (360 \mu\text{C})\left(1 - e^{-1000t/6}\right)$